Energy Modeling and HPC

Salishan Conference John Mitchiner Computational Sciences R&D Group Sandia National Laboratories

April 28-30, 2009

Sandia is a multiprogram laboratory laboratory operated by Sandia Corporation, a Lockheed Martin Company, for the United States Department of Energy's National Nuclear Security Administration under contract DE-AC04-94AL85000.







My Question: Can you talk about Energy and HPC?

- What has been the role of HPC in energy research and development?
- What is driving the use (or lack of use) of HPC in energy research and development?
- What does the future of HPC in energy R&D look like?



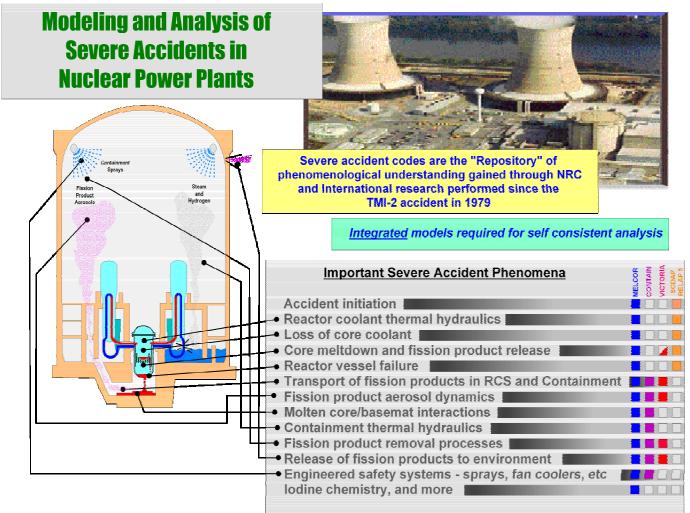
Sandia Energy Program Areas

• Nuclear

- Nuclear Regulatory Commission Safety Analysis
- Burner Reactor Integrated Safety Code
- Nuclear Energy Advanced Modeling and Simulation Program
- National Infrastructure Simulation and Analysis
 Center
- Concepts for designing and operating an energy grid dominated by intermittent, non-dispatchable sources
- Concentrating Solar Power
- Photovoltaic's
- Geologic Storage of Waste and CO₂



MELCOR Severe Accident Analysis Code



MELCOR Development began in 1983

- Targeted for HPC systems at that time (Cray vector machines)
- Now runs on single-processor workstations & PCs





MELCOR Has A Worldwide Usership







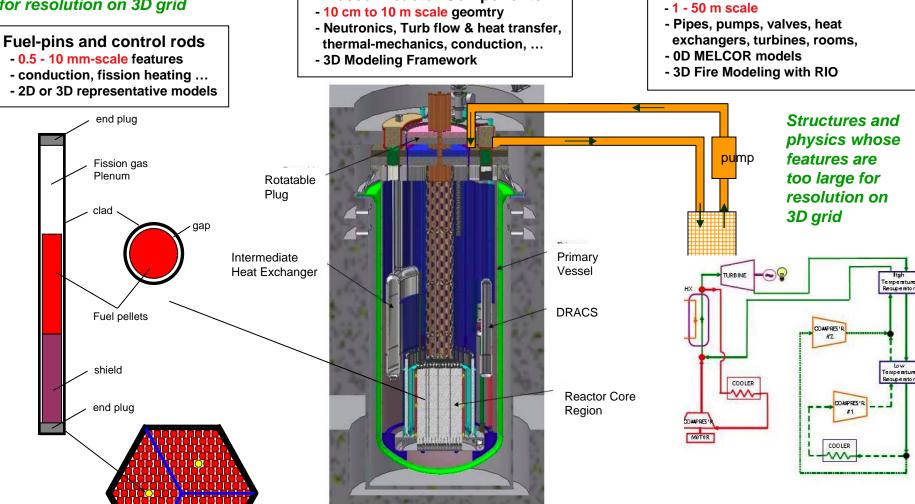
Advanced Modeling & Simulation for Nuclear Energy Requires Addressing Four Fundamental Challenges

- The "multi-scale" issue
 - Length-scales
 - Time-scales
 - Energy groups
- The "coupled multi-physics" issue
 - Fluid flow and heat transfer
 - Neutronics
 - Thermal mechanics
- The "complex geometry" issue
 - Nuclear reactors are not simple devices
- The "uncertainty quantification" issue
 - "without UQ (with requires V&V), results are no better than speculation, and often worse"



BRISC (Burner Reactor Integrated Safety Code) 3-Tiered Multi-Scale Modeling Strategy Rod Schmidt

Structures and physics whose features are too small for resolution on 3D grid



"Meso-scale" resolved by 3D grid

In-vessel Reactor Components

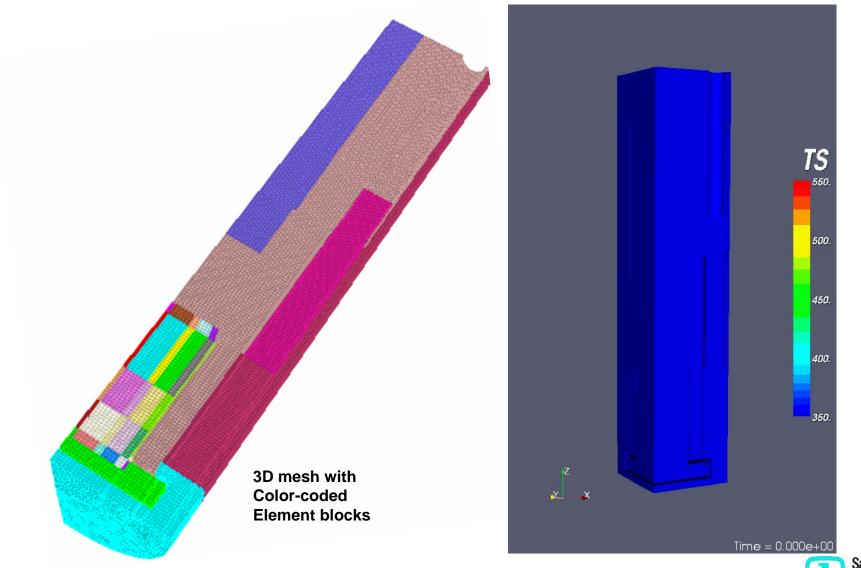
August 2006

Balance of Plant Reactor System

Components (& Containment)



Demo 3D Model Simulation - Fluid Temperature Initial 30 sec. start-up transient

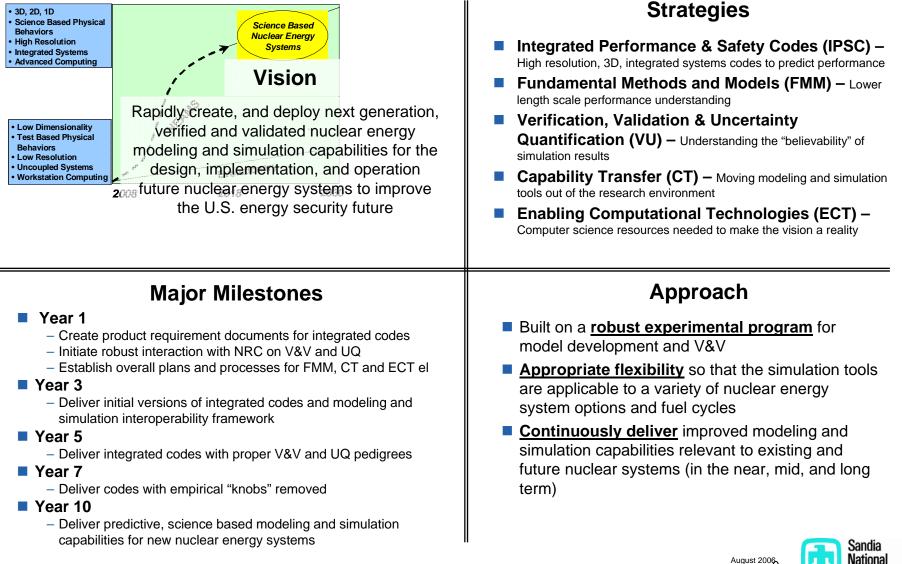


August 2006



Nuclear Energy Advanced Modeling and Simulation (NEAMS)

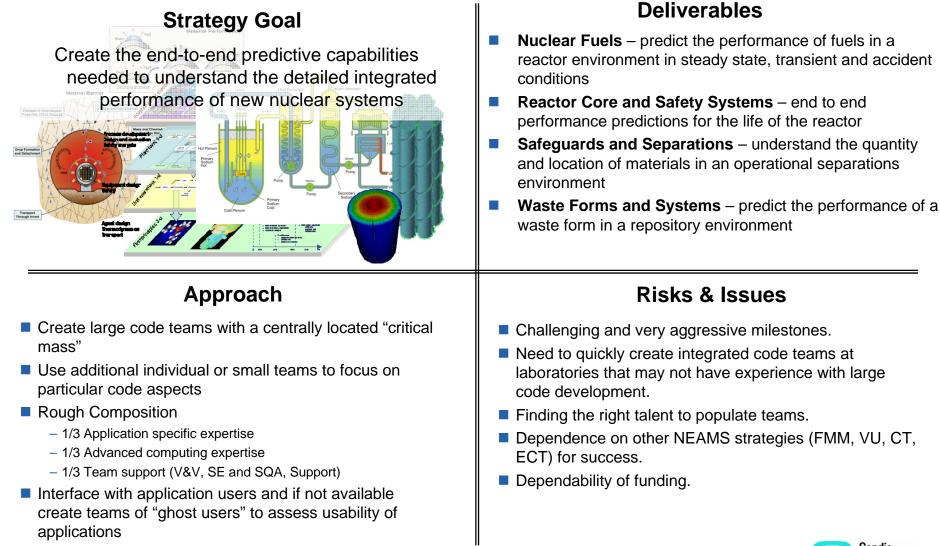
Program Overview – Alex Larzelere, DOE/NE







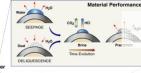
NEAMS Program Strategy – Integrated Performance and Safety Codes



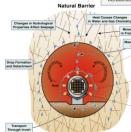




NEAMS Program Strategy – Waste Forms & Systems IPSC



Strategy Vision



As an integral part of nuclear energy generation and management, we will develop an integrated, science-based simulation package for assessing performance of potential nuclear reactor waste storage or disposal options, from the waste form itself through the entire surrounding engineered environment and representing the range of important multiscale effects.

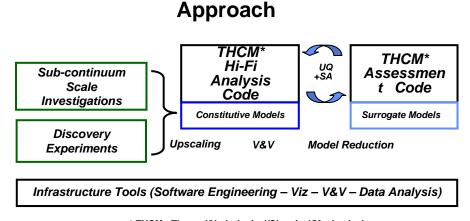
Milestones

Years 0-3:

- IPSC Design Specifications
- PIRT & V&V Plan
- THCM Architecture and Prototype
- High priority sub-continuum studies
- Generation of constitutive models
- Initial Demonstration to WF/Environment Reference Case

Years 4-10

- High-fidelity continuum and surrogate models
- Initial release of THCM and Assessment Codes
- Full application to WF/repository environment



* THCM: Thermal/Hydrological/Chemical/Mechanical

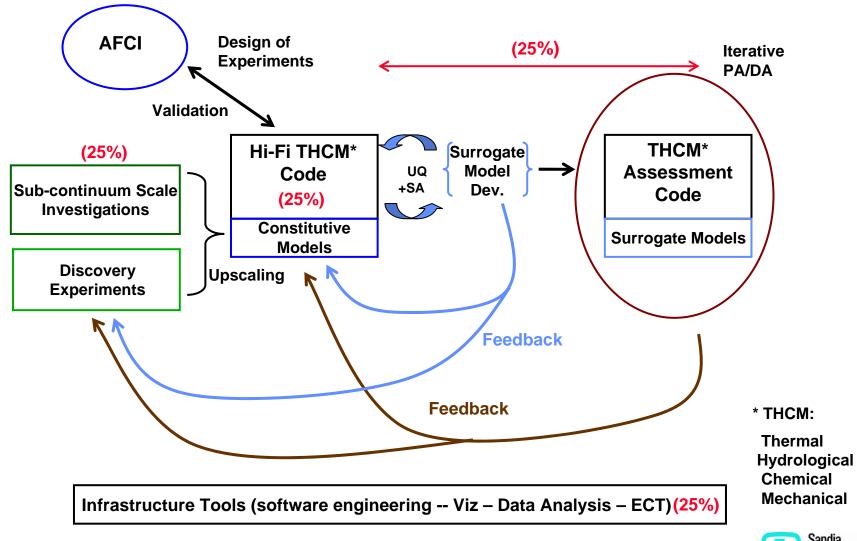
Risks & Issues

- Success depends on support from other NEAMS Strategies (FMM, VU, CT & ECT)
- Need to coordinate modeling activities with RW and AFCI Separations and Waste Forms Campaign
- Need to include waste form consideration as part of fuels, reactors, separations
- Availability of appropriate experimental data
- Lack of existing performance codes in this area (unlike other areas where existing codes are insufficient, but exist)





Waste Forms IPSC Relationships







Office of Infrastructure Protection (IP)

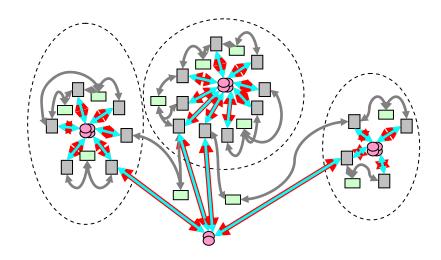
National Infrastructure Simulation and Analysis Center (NISAC) Complex Adaptive Systems of Systems (CASoS) Engineering March 21, 2009



UNCLASSIFIED

Outline – Bob Glass

- CASoS Definition and Sandia's CASoS Engineering Initiative
- CASoS Engineering Framework
- CASoS Workbench
- Model Example: Global Energy System
- Past and Current CASoS Applications





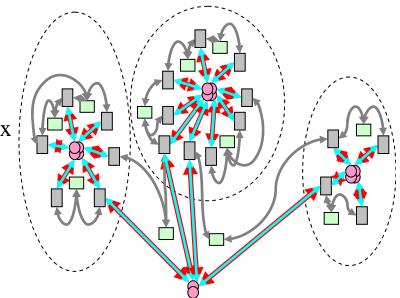
Complex Adaptive System of Systems (CASoS)

CASoS:

- Vastly complex physical-socio-technical-systems
- Ubiquitous systems that include people, organizations, cities, infrastructures, government, ecosystems and their interactions
- Must be understood to design a secure future for the nation
- Examples encompass humanity's largest problems including Global Climate Change
- Theories, technologies, tools, and approaches to enable effective solutions to CASoS problems are the same across all contexts

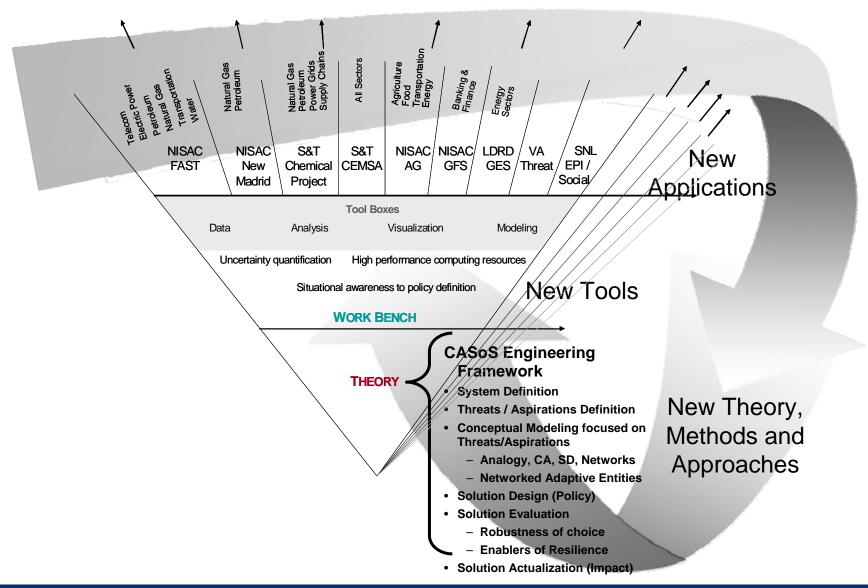
Sandia's CASoS Engineering Initiative:

 Harnesses the tools and understanding of Complex Systems, Complex Adaptive Systems, and Systems of Systems to engineer solutions for some of the worlds biggest, toughest problems





CASoS Engineering Framework





CASoS Workbench

- A platform for describing networks and processes in a consistent way
- Integrates existing network tools and agent-based models
- Allows models and tools to be chained together
- Provides large scale simulations on HPC machines
- Provides visualization and analysis tools
- Allows analysts to investigate adaptations and emergent behavior
 - Understand how interactions among many agents might generate emergent system-level behavior
 - Understand how changes in agent's rules and interactions can shape system-level behavior



Global Energy System Example

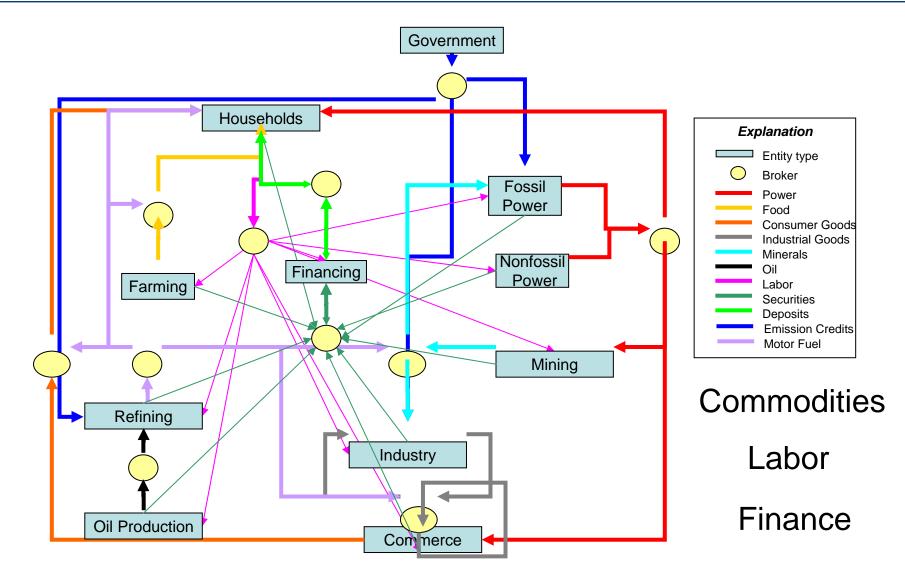
- Goal : understand the possible reactions of the global energy production system to a set of policies designed to reduce carbon emissions:
 - Creation of carbon markets in individual nations or treaty blocs
 - Creation of a global carbon market
 - Imposition of a national/treaty bloc carbon tax
 - Imposition of a global carbon tax

Structure:

- Entities: Individual instances of basic macro-economic types (households, government, industries of various sorts)
- State variables: Material resources of various kinds
- Dynamics: First-order transformations modeled on chemical reactions

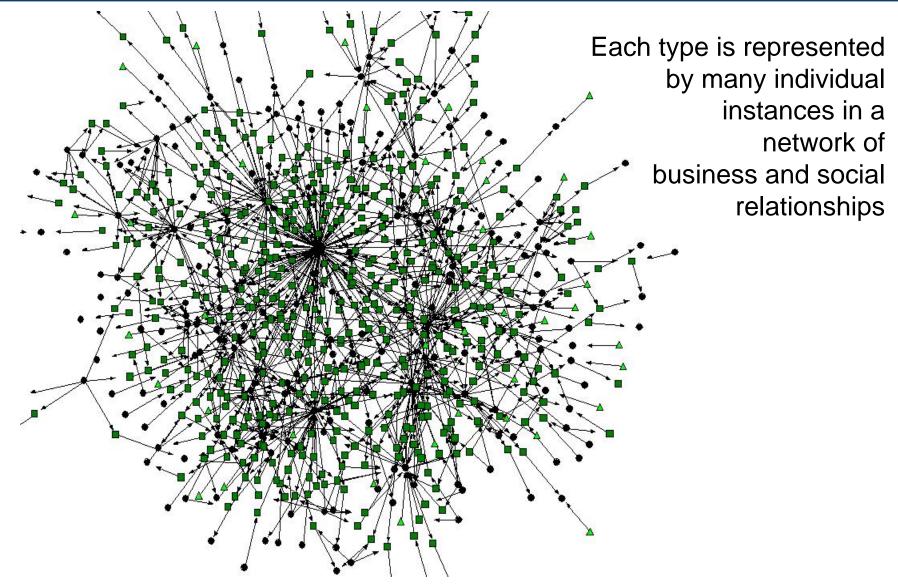


Global Energy System Example: Core Economy





Within a sector type...

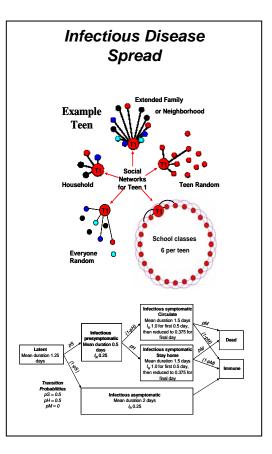




CASoS Engineering Modeling and Analysis Applications

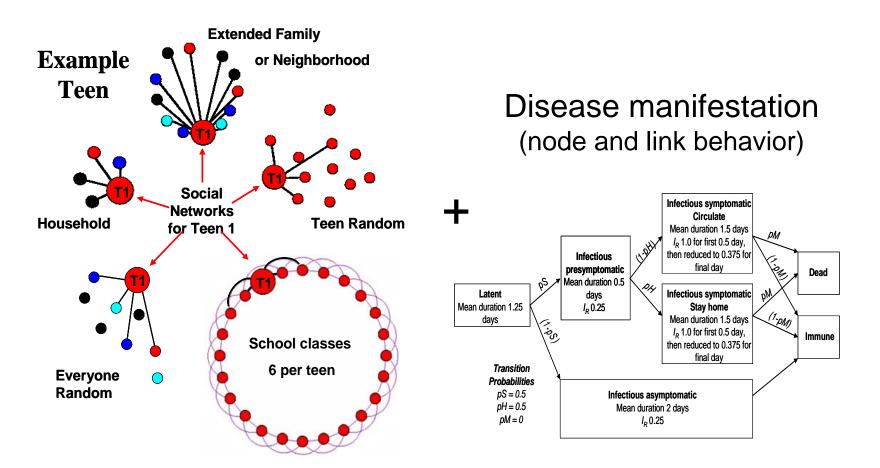
Past Applications:

- Pandemic Influenza Containment Strategy (NISAC, 2005)
 - o Eight containment strategies and numerous disease manifestations were analyzed
 - o NISAC proposed strategy incorporated in National policy by Center for Disease Control
- Congestion and Cascades in Payment Systems (NISAC, 2004 8)
 - o Results identified unexpected interdependencies arising from foreign exchange transactions
 - o Collaboration with the Federal Reserve, European Central Bank, and international researchers
- Critical National Infrastructures (NISAC 2008, 2009)
 - o Natural Gas Model (applied in New Madrid Earthquake Study)
 - o Petrochemical Model findings used in chemical supply chain analysis
 - o Global Financial System (goal is to identify origin of instabilities and determine how to control or mitigate them)





Application of Networked Agent Method



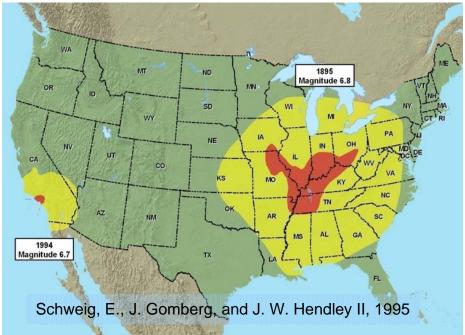
Stylized Social Network (nodes, links, frequency of interaction)



Analyses to inform national policy and planning

- Multi-year study to evaluate potential impacts of major earthquakes in the New Madrid Seismic Zone (NMSZ) on infrastructures.
- Purpose: Improve national planning efforts by providing a better understanding of earthquake impacts on infrastructures at a regional to national level, the potential implications of those impacts on response and recovery, and identification of mitigation measures to reduce the impacts.

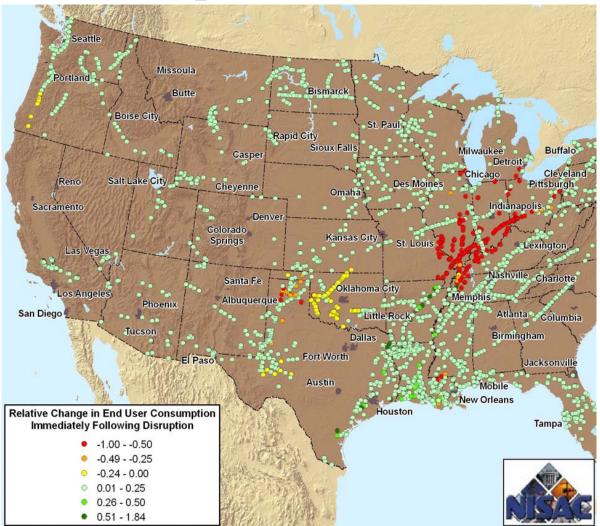
Comparison of the 1895 NMSZ earthquake with the 1994 Northridge (CA) Earthquake



Red: regions of minor to major damage to buildings Yellow: regions in which shaking could be felt



New Madrid Earthquake Study: Relative Change in End User Consumption of Natural Gas

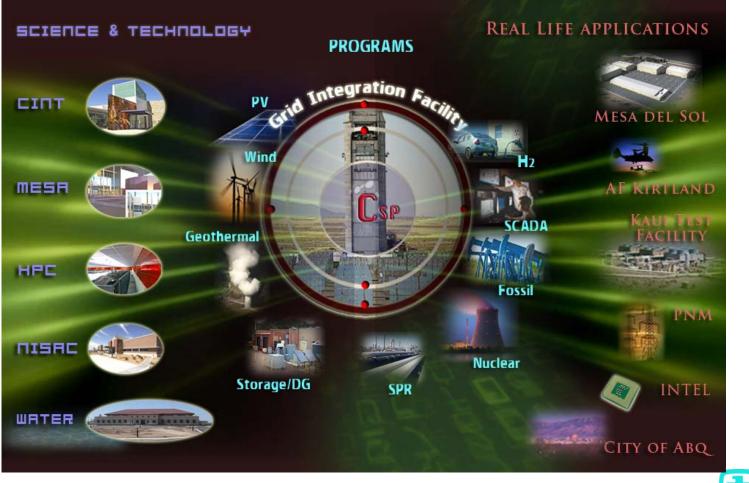






National "Green" Power Grid

National Energy and Water Grid Infrastructure Development "Newgrid"









- Drivers: Climate change and a desire to reduce dependence on foreign oil
 - Electricity is the largest contributor and the easiest one to do something about.
- Answer: Deep penetration of distributed renewable energy resources into the grid (Nuclear?)
- **Goal:** 20% of electrical power by 2020
- Question: Is this fast enough? Is this deep enough? Can we accomplish this? Technically? National will?





- The current grid is designed for dispatchable energy production and predictable energy consumption
- Intermittent renewable sources destabilize current grid
 - Dominated by Stabile Large Generation (Coal, Gas, Nuclear)
 - No Storage to Damp System
- Little active control and sensing in system
- Bi-directional power flow control almost nonexistent
- Vulnerable to attack (cyber, physical, weather)





Future Grid

- High penetration of small, distributed renewables and storage
- Information-centric, actively controlled dynamic grid, including demand-side control
- Predictive scalable models of physical, economic, and policy
- Integration with national energy and water resource planning

August 2006



My Question: Can you talk about Energy and HPC?

- What has been the role of HPC in energy research and development?
 - Substantial in NE during the eighties, but low refresh rate from the point-of-view of keeping up with HPC capability
 - Low in Renewables (at least at Sandia)
 - Low in infrastructural impacts and socio-economic modeling (until recently)
- What is driving the use (or lack of use) of HPC in energy research and development?
 - Funding/commitment to energy research and development
 - Readiness to address more complex problems
- What does the future look like?
 - Energy/Climate interest is increasing dramatically
 - The communities are more ready and able to address issues that require HPC
 - Future barriers are primarily lack of experience with HPC

August 2006

